

## 1.25Gbps SFP Transceiver MODEL: SFP-ZX-2120

STITL 128



- Operating data rate up to 1.25Gbps
- 1550 nm DFB LD Transmitter
- Distance up to 120km
- Single 3. 3V Power supply and TTL Logic
- Interface
- Duplex LC Connector Interface
- Hot Pluggable
- Operating Case Temperature
- Standard: 0°C~+70°C
- Industrial:-40°C~+85°C
- Compliant with MSA SFP Specification
- Digital diagnostic monitor interface
- Compatible with SFF-8472

#### **Applications:**

- Gigabit Ethernet Switches and Routers
- Fiber Channel Switch Infrastructure
- XDSL Applications
- Metro Edge Switching

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

#### **Table 1- Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Parameter           | Symbol         | Min. | Max. | Units |
|---------------------|----------------|------|------|-------|
| Storage Temperature | Τ <sub>s</sub> | -40  | +85  | °C    |
| Supply Voltage      | Vcc            | -0.5 | 4    | V     |

#### **Recommended Operating Conditons**

### Table 2- Recommended operating Conditons

| Parameter  | Symbol |              | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|--|--------|--------------|------|---------|------|------|
| Operating Case Temperature   | т      | SFP-ZX-2120  | 0    |         | +75  | °C   |
| and the second | I A    | SFP-ZX-2120I | -40  |         | +85  | C    |
| Power Supply Voltage   | Vcc    |              | 3.13 | 3.3     | 3.47 | V    |

| Power Supply Current | I <sub>CC</sub>    |  | 300  | mA    |
|----------------------|--------------------|--|------|-------|
| Surge Current        | I <sub>Surge</sub> |  | +30  | mA    |
| Baud Rate            |                    |  | 1.25 | GBaud |

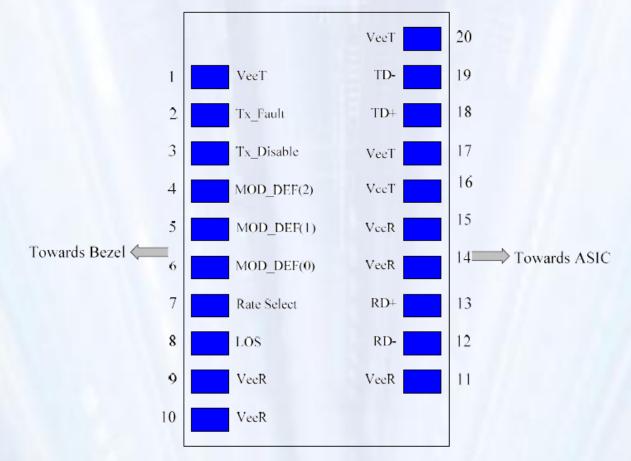
# **Electrical Characteristics** Table 3- Electrical Characteristics

| Transmitter                     |                 |          |     |         |      |                         |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----|---------|------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Parameter                       | Symbol          | Min      | Тур | Max     | Unit | Notes                   |  |  |  |
| CML Inputs(Differential)        | V <sub>IN</sub> | 400      |     | 2500    | mVp  | AC coupled inputs       |  |  |  |
| Input Impedance (Differential)  | Z <sub>IN</sub> | 85       | 100 | 115     | Ω    | Rin > 100<br>kohms @ DC |  |  |  |
| Tx_DISABLE Input Voltage – High |                 | 2        |     | 3.45    | V    |                         |  |  |  |
| Tx_DISABLE Input Voltage - Low  |                 | 0        |     | 0.8     | V    |                         |  |  |  |
| Tx_FAULT Output Voltage High    |                 | 2        |     | Vcc+0.3 | V    | lo = 400µA;<br>Host Vcc |  |  |  |
| Tx_FAULT Output Voltage – Low   |                 | 0        |     | 0.5     | V    | lo = -4.0mA             |  |  |  |
|                                 | R               | leceiver |     |         |      |                         |  |  |  |
| CML Outputs (Differential)      | Vout            | 400      | 800 | 1200    | mVpp | AC coupled<br>Outputs   |  |  |  |
| Output Impedance (Differential) | Zout            | 85       | 100 | 115     | Ohms |                         |  |  |  |
| Rx_LOS Output Voltage - High    |                 | 2        |     | Vcc+0.3 | V    | lo = 400µA;<br>Host Vcc |  |  |  |
| Rx_LOS Output Voltage - Low     |                 | 0        |     | 0.8     | V    | lo = -4.0mA             |  |  |  |
| MOD_DEF ( 0:2 )                 | V <sub>OH</sub> | 2.5      |     | 0.5     | V    | With Serial ID          |  |  |  |
|                                 | V <sub>OL</sub> | 0        |     | 0.5     |      |                         |  |  |  |

# **Optical and Electrical Characteristics** Table 4- Optical and Electrical Characteristics

| Table 4- Optical and E        | lectrical Characteristic | CS               |      |      |         |      |  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------|------|---------|------|--|
| Parameter                     |                          | Symbol           | Min. | Тур  | Max.    | Unit |  |
| 9µm Core Diameter SM          | IF SFP-ZX-2120           |                  |      | 120  |         | KM   |  |
| Data Rate                     |                          |                  |      | 1.25 |         | Gbps |  |
|                               | Tr                       | ansmitter        |      |      |         |      |  |
| Centre Wavelength             |                          | λς               | 1530 | 1550 | 1580    | nm   |  |
| Spectral Width (RMS)          |                          | б                |      |      | 1       | nm   |  |
| Average Output Power          |                          | P <sub>OUT</sub> | 0    |      | +5      | dBm  |  |
| Extinction Ratio              |                          | EX               | 9    |      |         | dB   |  |
| Side Mode Suppression         | n Ratio                  | SMSR             | 30   |      |         | dB   |  |
| Rise/Fall Time(20%~80         | %)                       | tr/tf            |      |      | 260     | ps   |  |
| Total Jitter                  |                          | TJ               |      |      | 56.5    | ps   |  |
| Output Optical Eye            | IUT-T G.957 Compliant    |                  |      |      |         |      |  |
| Data Input Swing Differ       | V <sub>IN</sub>          | 500              |      | 2000 | mV      |      |  |
| Input Differential Imped      | Z <sub>IN</sub>          | 90               | 100  | 110  | Ω       |      |  |
| TY Disable                    | Disable                  |                  | 2.0  |      | Vcc+0.3 | V    |  |
| TX Disable                    | Enable                   |                  | 0    |      | 0.8     |      |  |
| TX_Fault                      | Fault                    |                  | 2.0  |      | VCC+0.3 | V    |  |
|                               | Normal                   |                  | 0    |      | 0.8     | V    |  |
| TX_Disable Assert Time        | Э                        | t_off            |      |      | 10      | us   |  |
|                               |                          | Receiver         |      |      |         |      |  |
| Centre Wavelength             |                          | λς               | 1100 |      | 1600    | nm   |  |
| Sensitivity                   |                          | PIN              |      |      | -32     | dBm  |  |
| Output Differential Impedance |                          | P <sub>IN</sub>  | 90   | 100  | 110     | Ω    |  |
| Data Output Swing Diffe       | erential                 | V <sub>OUT</sub> | 370  |      | 2000    | mV   |  |
| Rise/Fall Time                |                          | Tr/tf            |      |      | 2.2     | ns   |  |
| LOS De-Assert                 |                          | LOSD             |      |      | -34     | dBm  |  |
| LOS Assert                    |                          | LOSA             | -40  |      |         | dBm  |  |
| 100                           | High                     |                  | 2.0  |      | VCC+0.3 | 1/   |  |
| LOS                           | Low                      |                  | 0    |      | 0.8     | V    |  |





| PIII FUII | ction Definit | 10115                           |              |  |
|-----------|---------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Pin Num   | Name          | FUNCTION                        | Plug<br>Seq. | Notes                                      |
| 1         | VeeT          | Transmitter Ground              | 1            |  |
| 2         | TX Fault      | Transmitter Fault<br>Indication | 3            | Note 1                                     |
| 3         | TX Disable    | Transmitter Disable             | 3            | Note 2, Module disables on<br>high or open |
| 4         | MOD-DEF2      | Module Definition 2             | 3            | Note 3, Data line for Serial ID.           |
| 5         | MOD-DEF1      | Module Definition 1             | 3            | Note 3, Clock line for Serial ID.          |
| 6         | MOD-DEF0      | Module Definition 0             | 3            | Note 3, Grounded within the module.        |
| 7         | Rate Select   | Not Connect                     | 3            | Function not available                     |
| 8         | LOS           | Loss of Signal                  | 3            | Note 4                                     |
| 9         | VeeR          | Receiver Ground                 | 1            | Note 5                                     |
| 10        | VeeR          | Receiver Ground                 | 1            | Note 5                                     |
| 11        | VeeR          | Receiver Ground                 | 1            | Note 5                                     |
| 12        | RD-           | Inv. Received Data Out          | 3            | Note 6                                     |
| 13        | RD+           | Received Data Out               | 3            | Note 7                                     |
| 14        | VeeR          | Receiver Ground                 | 1            | Note 5                                     |
| 15        | VccR          | Receiver Power                  | 2            | 3.3 ± 5%, Note 7                           |
| 16        | VccT          | Transmitter Power               | 2            | 3.3 ± 5%, Note 7                           |
| 17        | VeeT          | Transmitter Ground              | 1            | Note 5                                     |
| 18        | TD+           | Transmit Data In                | 3            | Note 8                                     |
| 19        | TD-           | Inv. Transmit Data In           | 3            | Note 8                                     |
| 20        | VeeT          | Transmitter Ground              | 1            | Note 5                                     |

#### **Pin Function Definitions**

#### Notes:

1) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K - 10K_{-}$  resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser ault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V. 2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7 - 10 K_{-}$  resistor. Its states are: Low (0 – 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K – 10K\_resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR (see Section IV for further details). Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K - 10K_{-}$  resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.

6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100\_ differential lines which should be terminated with 100\_ (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 370 and 2000 mV differential (185 –1000 mV single ended) when properly terminated.

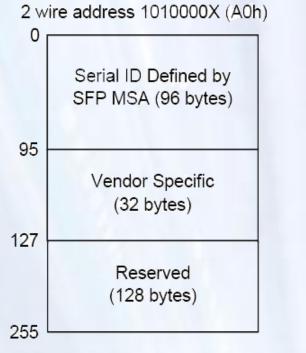
7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.

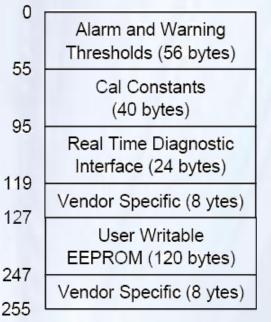
8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100\_ differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 500 – 2400 mV (250 –

1200mV single-ended), though it is recommended that values between 500 and 1200 mV differential (250 – 600mV single-ended) be used for best EMI performance.

#### EEPROM

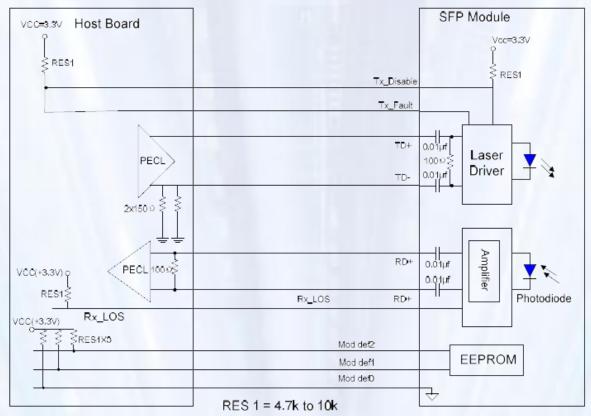
The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not write protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. The diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2h. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3



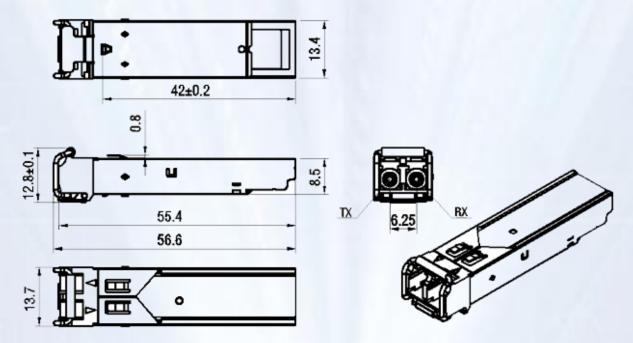


2 wire address 1010001X (A2h)

### **Recommend Circuit Schematic**



## **Mechanical Specifications**



#### Order Information Table 5-Order Information

| Part No.      | Data Rate | Laser      | Fibre Type | Distance | <b>Optical Interface</b> | DDMI |
|---------------|-----------|------------|------------|----------|--------------------------|------|
| SFP-ZX-2120   | 1.25Gbps  | 1550nm DFB | SMF        | 120KM    | LC                       | NO   |
| SFP-ZX-2120D  | 1.25Gbps  | 1550nm DFB | SMF        | 120KM    | LC                       | YES  |
| SFP-ZX-2120I  | 1.25Gbps  | 1550nm DFB | SMF        | 120KM    | LC                       | NO   |
| SFP-ZX-2120ID | 1.25Gbps  | 1550nm DFB | SMF        | 120KM    | LC                       | YES  |

\* I--- Industrial operating temperature

\* D--- DDMI

#### Notice

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